

Poecilostomatoida

Splanchnotrophidae NORMAN & T. SCOTT, 1906

- Ho 1987c:68-

- GOTTO 1993: 149, DIAGNOSIS

- HUYS 2001: 124-, ARTHURIUS, N. GEN., CERATOSOMICOLA
N. GEN.; REMOVED CHONDROCARPUS TO PHILOBLENNDAE;
REMOVED MEGALLECTO (A HYPERIID AMPHIPOD)

SPLANCHNOTROPHIDAE sp.

-- JENSEN 1987: 76-

referring to a "copepod parasite" in this family
on Elysia ornata a mollusk

in) Splanchnotrophidae - ~~Lernaeopoda~~
POECILOSTOMATOIDA

Splanchnotrophus, valid

Hancock & Norman, 1864,

S. gracilis.

Syn. Splanchnotrophus, H. & N., 1864, p.

Σπλάγχνον = viscera and τροφός = a feeder.
Feeders on the viscera of their hosts.

Genus Diagnosis.

Female. Head & thorax blended into a single seg't, & thoracic portion of which has 3 unarticulated arm-like appendages on each side - Or & first part only of thorax is united with v heads - & v last forms a second comparatively minute seg't. 10⁺ antennae minute, few-jointed. 2nd pair larger, in form of prehensile hooks. Labrum large, overhanging v mandibles - Mds, myx, & myxids. minute & crowded round v mouth. 2 prs. simple thoracic feet, terminating in hooks - abdomen 2-jointed - anal laminae long, narrow, with one or 2 simple setae.

Male. Cephalothorax without lateral appendages & divided into 4 seg'ts, v first of which bears 2 pairs of thoracic feet.

Found on nudibranch

mollusks feeding on v viscera

SPLANCHNOTROPHUS

CARD 2

- BELCIK 1981: 18, 22-24
- Ho 1987c: 68 -
- GOTTO 1993: 149, DIAGNOSIS, KEY

Splanchnotrophidae - Lernaeopoda class.

Splanchnotrophus angulatus Hecht, ♀.

— — Hecht, 1892, p. 15: fig. 1.

— — Hecht, 1896, pp. 87: 167: pl. 2, figs. 14-16, 18.

— — Monod & Dollfus, 1932, p. 164.

— — JENSEN 1987: 76—

Host, Aeolis papillosa: A. glauca.

Eolidina neapolitina.

-- Hays 2001: 111-116, FIGS. 1-4, REDESCRIPTION; 5X

AEOLIDIELLA ALDERI, JERSEY.

SPLANCHNOTROPHUS BREVIPES - SEE LOMANOTICOLA

Splanchnotrophus dellachiajei Delamare

---1951. ♂, Delamare Deboutteville, Cl., pp. 367-370,
figs. 1-10.

--, Ho, 1981, p. 135

-- Lambier, 1963:112

-- GOUDEY-PERRIÈRE 1975:860

-- JENSEN 1987: 76-

-- HUYS 2001:119

SPLANCHNOTROPHUS

ELYSIAE - SEAE

ARTHURIUS

Splanchnotrophidae - Lernaeopodoida.

Splanchnotrophus gracilis Hancock & Norman ♂
♀

— — Hancock & Norman, 1863, p. 51: pl. 15: pl. 16, fig 7-10.

— — Norman & Scott, 1906, p. 217

— — Monod & Dollfus, 1932, p. 163.

— — Ho, 1981: 134, 135

— — Lambier, 1963: 112

Host, Doris pilosa & Idalia aspersa, under
the skin.

British Seas.

Splanchnotrophus gracilis Hancock & Norman 1863 card 2

-- Jensen 1987: 76-, host records

-- GOTTO 1993: 149-, FIGS. 56 L, M

-- HUYG 2001: 116-118, FIG. 5; REDESCRIPTION,
EX ACANTHODORIS PILOSA, ENGLAND

Splanchnotrophidae - Lernaepodoida

Splanchnotrophus (Lomanotocola) insolens, T. & A. Scott, ♀

Ismailia sp. Bergh, 1879, p. 558.

Splanchnotrophus sp. Garstang, 1890, p. 426.

Lomanotocola i - T. & A. Scott, 1895, p. 360: pl. 17, f. 1-2.

Lomanotocola i - Hecht, 1896, p. 88.

Host. Lomanotus genei Vérany.

Ismaïla sp. Vayssière, 1901, p. 88:

Splanchnotropus sp. Vayssière, p. 99: pl. 2. fig. 23.

Romanotricula — Pearson, 1905, p. 163

— — Monod & Dollfus, 1932, p. 166.

— — —, BELGIK 1981: 16, SYNONYMS ISMAÏLA SP. VAISSIÈRE,
1901 & ISMAÏLIA SP. BERGH, 1879.

Splanchnotrophus insolens

card 1

--, Ho, 1981, p. 135

-- JENSEN 1987: 76- ; GIVES SYNONYMY

SPANCHNOTROPHUS SACCUATUS - 5 APR

CERATOSOMICOLA

Splanchnotrophidae - Lernaeopoda.

Splanchnotrophus willemi Canu,

— — Canu, 1891, p. 435.

— — Pelseneer, 1894, p. 147: pl. 15, figs. 126-128.

— — Hecht, 1896, p. 87.

— — Canu, 1899, p. 74.

Host, Polis coronata Forbes,

Boulonnais.

- - Pelseener, 1906, p. 179.
- - Cuénot, 1927, p. 287.
- - Monod & Dollfus, 1932, p. 164.

Splanchnotrophus willemi

card 2

--, Ho, 1981, p. 135

-- JENSEN 1987: 76--

-- Huys 2001: 119

JALANCHNOTROPHUS SPP.

-- JENSEN 1987: 76--