Viscosia propinqua n. sp.

Fig. 58 a, b

Locality and material. - Falkland Islands, St. 15: 13; St. 41: 533; St. 46: 13

Dimensions: $L = 2,543 \text{ mm.}, \quad a = 30,29, \quad \beta = 5,36, \quad \gamma = 31,0$

This species, recorded in some males from the Falklands, seems also in the shape of its tail and its spicules to agree rather well with *O. paralangrunensis* ALLGÉN, but differs in its very large, deep and broad buccal cavity, the *right* subventral tooth of which is sharply pointed and, contrary to *V. langrunensis*, stronger developed than the *left* anteriorly rounded tooth. That tooth measures in length 31 μ , the left one 26 μ ; the dorsal tooth, 18 μ behind the front end, is only 20 μ .

Body in its whole length about evenly thick, tapering only scarcely noticeably towards both extremities.

Head rounded, with small submedian bristles. Buccal cavity large and broad, 43 μ in length, 26 μ in breadh.

Lateral organs at the level of the point of the dorsal tooth, probably consisting of a rounded sling.

Tail similar to that of *O. paralangrunensis*, in its 3 anterior thirds conical, in its 2 posterior thirds uniformly and strongly thinned, rounded behind, with 2 small end hairs; its length 82μ , i. e. $1.9 \times$ the anal body diameter; thickness of its thinned part = 0.28 of the anal body diameter.

The short, straight spicules 33 μ in length i. e. exactly 2/5 of the length of the tail.

- St. 15. Falkland Islands. Port William. 51° 40′ S. 57° 49′ W. Macrocystis-Formation. 10 m. 31. 3. 1902. Number of species found: 44; Number of specimens: 150.
- St. 41. Falkland Islands. Port Louis, shallow water. 51° 33' S. 58° 9' W. Number of species found: 51; Number of specimens found: 310.
- St. 46. Falkland Islands. Port Louis. Carenage Creek. 51° 32′ S. 58° 7′ W. Sandy bottom with quantities of Codium. 1 m. 9. 8. 1902.



58. Viscosia propinqua n. sp. a. Head, b. Tail \mathcal{Q} , c. Tail \mathcal{O} , \times 450