## Viscosia parafalklandiae n. sp.

Fig. 68 a, b

Locality and material. — Graham Land, St. H: 13, 19, 1 juv.

Dimensions:  $L = 3,140 \text{ mm.}, \quad a = 39,25, \quad \beta = 7,48, \quad \gamma = 26,17$ 

Body in its whole length evenly thick. Cuticle thin. Head truncate to rounded, with short and very thin submedian bristles. Buccal cavity bordered by thickened walls, broad and deep, unfortunately filled up by stones, why its structure could not be studied nearer. Dorsal tooth, indeed, far anterior; subventral teeth were not to be stated. Tail short, conical tapering in the first half gradually, in the second half more rapidly, provided with a conical end tip. The vulva was not to be stated. Female organs paired symmetrical, only shortly extended, with ventrally reflexed ovaries, for the rest indeed so weakly developed, that they could not be analyzed nearer.

St. 11. Graham Region. 65° 19' S. — 56° 48' W. Gravel-mixed clay. 400 m. 18. 2. 1902. Number of species: 31; Number of specimens: 68.

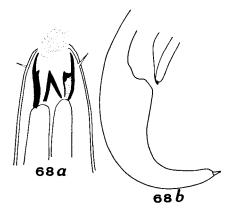


Fig. 68. Viscosia parafalklandiae n. sp. a. Anterior end,  $\times$  600, b. Tail,  $\times$  364