## Sabatieria rotundicauda n. sp.

Fig. 147 a, b

Locality and material. — Falkland Islands, St. 49: 1 2

Dimensions: L = 3,115 mm., a = 45,15,  $\beta = 11,76$ ,  $\gamma = 82,23$ , V = 63,31 In a sample from St. 49, a single female of a *Comesomid* was found, which on one hand seems to be a rather typical representative of the genus *Sabatieria* in the shape and structure of its head, on the other hand differs from other species known till now in its very short, rounded tail.

Body on the whole absolutely evenly thick tapering only scarcely noticeably in its oesophageal region. Cuticle with the structure typical of this genus. Head slender. Cephalic bristles slightly developed. Lateral organs large, spiral-shaped, composed of about 3 whorls. Oesophagus posteriorly strongly bulb-like swollen. In front of the oesophageal end the small, egg-like ventral gland which opens out in a distance of 128  $\mu$  from the front end. In the intestinal region there are numerous remarkable bodies, filled with small balls. Tail, as said above, exceedingly short, clumsy, posteriorly rounded. Vulva situated behind the middle of the body. Female organs paired, with straight extended gonads, and probably not reflexed ovaries.

St. 49. Falkland Islands. Berkeley Sound. 51° 35′ S. — 57° 56′ W. Shells and stones. 25—30 m. 10. 8. 1902. Number of species found: 27; Number of specimens found: 58.



