

Name of genus (type species)	Lateral organ	Longest tooth	Female genital tract	Tubular organ	Spicules	Gubernaculum	Tail	Remarks
<i>Peiagonema</i> Cobb p.83. (<i>P. simplex</i> Cobb)	small round	teeth lacking	paired	?	?	?	of variable length	
<i>Paroncholaimus</i> m. p.76. (<i>P. vulgaris</i> (Bastian))	small elongate	both subventrals		lacking	short curved	well developed	short	
<i>Viscosia</i> de Man p.85. (<i>V. viscosa</i> (Bastian))	large round	one of the subventrals	unpaired	without terminal duct	short	lacking	long	oral cavity long
<i>Oncholaimus</i> Dujardin p.89. (<i>O. attenuatus</i> (Dujardin))	medium-size				straight		of various length	
<i>Adoncholaimus</i> n.gen. (<i>A. fuscus</i> (Bastian))*	size		paired		medium-length curved	small	long, with filiform part	
<i>Metoncholaimus</i> n.gen. p.98. (<i>M. demani</i> (Zur Strassen))	transverse		unpaired	with long terminal duct	very long slender	small or lacking	long	
<i>Oncholaimellus</i> de Man. (<i>O. calvadosicus</i> de Man)**	?		paired	lacking	likewise, of different length	small		oral cavity very narrow, teeth fill it almost entirely. Bursa present

* The following species belong here: *O. fuscus* Bastian 1865; Trans. Linn. Soc. 25, p.136, Table 11, Figures 139, 140; Bütschli 1874: Abh. Senck. Ges. 9, p.39; de Man 1886: Anat. Unters. p.39, Tables 6-8; North Sea, coast of France (Villot), England, Kiel. Indicated by Golovin for Sevastopol (oxeas sand), but not found by me—*O. lepidus* de Man 1889: Tijds. Nederl. Dierk. Vereen. (2) 2, p.165, Table 6, f-Figure 2a, C. Schneider 1906: Acta Soc. F. Fl. Fenn. 27, No. 7, p.33, Figure 15. On land with brackish water—Holland (de Man); Tvärminne—(Gulf of Finland) in mud (Schneider); —*O. thalassopygus* de Man 1876: Tijds. Nederl. Dierk. Vereen. 2, p.181, Tables 12, 13, Figure 48; 1880: ibid. 5, p.25; 1884: Nem. Nederl. Fauna, p.68, Table 10, Figure 39; 1889: Tijds. Nederl. Dierk. Vereen. (2) 2, p.162, Table 6, Figure 1. On marshes with brackish water—Holland (de Man), in freshwater ponds: on the roots of *Scirpus*, among algae—Denmark (Ditlevsen)—*O. indicus* Linstow 1907: Rec. Indian Mus. Calcutta, p.45, Figures 1, 2; among algae in brackish water, Port Cunning, Lower Bengal.—*O. derjugini* Savel'ev 1912: Trav. Soc. Nat. St. Pétersbourg 43, Livr. 1, p.116—salt Lake Mogil'noe on Kil'din Island—*O. angustatus* Cobb 1891 (possibly *Viscosia*?) Proc. Linn. Soc. NSW 5, p.461: in sand on the coasts of Arabia.

** 1890. Mém. Soc. Zool. France 3, p.183, Table 5, Figure 10: very common in the English Channel among algae, sole species of the genus.