

(in)

Herpyllobiidae - Lernaeopodoidae
Siphonostomatoida

Saccopsis

Levinson, 1878.

S. terebellidis

Syn. Saccopsis Levinson, 1878, p. 374.

Saccus, a sack and opsis, likeness.

Body saccate or conical, not jointed, without any rudiments of appendages, anteriorly fastened by a petiolate bulla with reflexed margin, posteriorly increasing in width and furnished with 2 minute tubercles carrying the egg sacks, between which is a round aperture (vulva?). Egg sacks cylindrical, longer than the body and half as wide.

Herpyllobiidae - Monstrellidae

Saccopsis alleni Brumpt.

-- Brumpt, 1897, p. 1464: 7 text-figs.

-- Dutkiers, 1896,

--, Caullery, M. & Mesnil, 1915, p. 705

Host. Polycirrus aurantiacus.

England.

Saccopsis steenstrupi Bresciani et Lützen, 1961

-- --, Bresciani et Lützen 1962. p. 401

-- --, Bresciani et Lützen 1961. pp. 2-23, pl, 1, fig.
1-4

-- -- Laubier, 1969: 106-107.

-- BRUNEL 1965: p?, TAB. I - GULF OF ST. LAWRENCE

Herpyllobiidae - Monstrilloida.

Saccopsis terebellidis Levinson, ♀.

- — Levinson, 1878, p. 374: pl. 6. figs. 21-22.
- — Giard & Bonnier, 1895, p. 481
- — Stephensen, 1913, p. 343.
- — Stephensen, 1916[?], p. 305.

Host. Terebellis stromi: Leuconoste
arcticus (vermes).

Greenland.

— — Cullery & Mesnil, 1919, p. 169.

— — Wilson, 1920, p. 102.

— — Hansen, 1923, p. 82

--, Stephensen, 1940, p. 15

-- BRUNEL 1965: p. ?, TAB. I - GULF OF ST. LAWRENCE