## Paralinhomoeus lineatus DITLEVSEN

Fig. 224 a, b

DITLEVSEN 1918, p. 157-159, pl. I, fig. 2, 5; pl. II, fig. 3

Locality and material. - Falkland Islands, St. 57: 12

Dimensions: L = 3,743 mm., a = 44,04,  $\beta = 14,4$ ,  $\gamma = 32,55$ 

A rather large species, the body of which is on the whole evenly thick and tapers only scarcely noticeably towards both extremities.

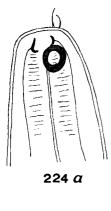
Cuticle smooth. Head truncate to rounded, provided at the front end with 4 short, submedian bristles. Shape and structure of the buccal cavity typical. Lateral organs immediately behind the buccal cavity, circular, very thick-walled, large, in section 8  $\mu$ , i. e. exactly 1/3 of the corresponding head diameter. Oesophagus short, thick, in the posterior half bulb-like swollen. Tail short, cylindrical, posteriorly rounded, measuring 2,13  $\times$  the anal body diameter.

Posterior edge of the anus strongly bent outwards. Vulva not to be found. Female organs paired, symmetrical. In the uteri a single row of 20 shell eggs.

Geographical distribution. — Denmark: Little Belt (DITLEVSEN 1918).

St. 57. Falkland Islands. Port Albemarle. Albemarle Harbour. 52° 8′ S. - 60 ° 33′ W. Sand. 18-30 m. 11. 9. 1902.

Number of species found: 21; Number of specimens found: 40.





224. Paralinhomoeus lineatus DITLEVSEN a. Anterior end, b. Tail,  $\times$  450