

in) (p).
Metopocatacotinus,
Hesse, 1871,

Cyclopoidea
Ergasilidae.

M. hirsutus.

Syn. Metopocatacotinus, Hesse, 1871, p. 15

It is evident that Hesse has made an error

There is no such Greek word as ΚΑΤΑΚΟΤΕΙΣ - but ΚΑΤΑ
ΚΟΤΤΕΙΣ means just what he is trying to express.

ΜΕΤΩΠΟΝ = forehead ; ΚΑΤΑΚΟΤΤΕΙΣ = cut or slashed
in pieces.

Genus diagnosis. Male unknown.

Female. Body pyriform, lightly convex. Eye small, near v frontal border. Thorax of 3 joints - v first much larger than v 3 which follows & which diminish in size to v abdomen. Latter 5-jointed, cylindrical, terminating in 2 flat anal laminae -
antennae very long, stout, cylindrical - many-jointed, hairy - 2 hairs longer than v others in parenthesis-form.
Mouth flat, forming a small oval lobe, on either side of which is a pair of small mouth-parts, and at v base another larger pair clothed with plumose setae -
3 pairs of biramous swimming feet, + a 4th uniramous pair on v fourth thorax joint. Latter 2-jointed (?).

(see note in species book)

Ergasilidae: Poecilostomatoida

Metopocatacoteinus Hesse, 1871

card 2

Metopocatacoteinus, Kabata 1988b: 4, origin of name

Ergasilidae, Cyclopoida.

Metopocatacotinus hirsutus Hesse, ♀.

— — Hesse, 1871, p. 15: pl. 2, figs. 7-10.

— — Zool. Record, 1872 — "Metapocatacoptinus".

Host, Gills of Belone vulgaris Cuv.

Coast of France.