

Viscosia brachydonta n. sp.

Fig. 65 a, b

Locality and material. — Falkland Islands, St. 53: 1 juv.

Dimensions: L = 3,315 mm., $a = 49,48$, $\beta = 5,53$, $\gamma = 28,83$

Body slender, throughout absolutely evenly thick. Cuticle smooth. Head rounded, in the foremost part thinned. Papillae and cephalic bristles were not to be found.

Buccal cavity large and deep, its length 49μ and its greatest thickness 22μ .

Very characteristic of this species is the armature of the buccal cavity, *the left subventral tooth of which is markedly stronger developed than the right one. These teeth measure only half the length of the buccal cavity.* The rather small dorsal tooth is situated exactly at the middle of the buccal cavity.

Tail immediately behind the anus weakly bent outwards, at the middle ventrally curved, in the anterior half conical, in the posterior half uniformly more strongly thinned, the thickness of this part making only $1/4$ of the anal body diameter.

In the armature of its buccal cavity, this species shows a certain similarity to V. viscosa, from which it differs, however, by the largeness of the buccal cavity proper, its small teeth and the shape of its tail.

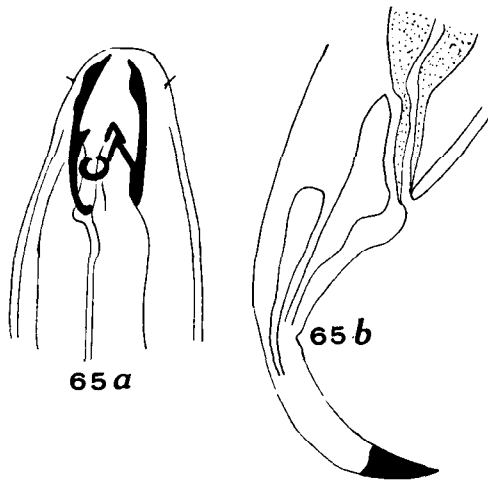


Fig. 65. *Viscosia brachydonta* n. sp. a. Anterior end, b. Tail, $\times 450$