Synonchus brevisetosus (Southern, 1914) (Fig. 82)

Description. Body length, male 13.4 mm, female 16.0 mm. Maximum diameter, male $290 \mu \text{m}$, female $280 \mu \text{m}$ (a = 46.2 and 57.0). Six labial papillae. Ten cephalic setae about 0.15-0.2 h.d. long. Short somatic setae present only anterior to nerve ring. In female from Isles of Scilly lateral setae posterior to amphids appear flattened (Fig. 82A). Buccal cavity similar to *S. fasciculatus*. Amphids 0.13-0.20 times c.d. Tail conico-cylindrical with bulbous tip.

Spicules 168 μ m. Gubernaculum with small dorsal apophysis. Precloacal supplement opposite proximal end of spicule. Two subventral files of precloacal setae; anterior 15 pairs are shorter, thicker and seated on rounded papillae. Setae are also present on the tail (Fig. 82D).

Two opposed, reflexed ovaries. Vulva at 59% of body length.

Distribution. Clew Bay, West Ireland (sublittoral, sand and shells); Isles of Scilly (sublittoral, coarse bottom); Anglesey (coarse shell gravel beach).

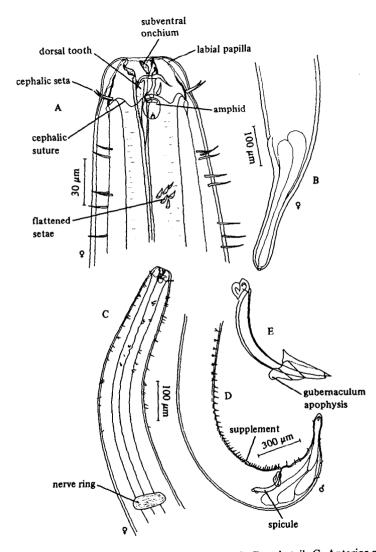


Fig. 82. Synonchus brevisetosus. A, Female head; B, Female tail; C, Anterior end of female (original). D, Male tail; E, Spicules and gubernaculum (from Southern, 1914).