Polysigma fuscum Gerlach, 1956 (Fig. 163)

Description (from Gerlach, 1956). Body length 1.4 mm: a=46. Six small cephalic papillae and four 5.5 μ m (0.4 h.d.) cephalic setae. Four 6 μ m cervical setae about 1 h.d. from anterior, on the striated cuticle: somatic setae otherwise reduced to small papillae. Amphids 8 μ m (0.4 c.d.) wide. Relatively small buccal cavity with two opposed teeth. Posterior oesophageal bulb well developed, 30 μ m long and 24 μ m wide: cuticular lining not markedly thickened. Tail 3.0 a.b.d., conical.

Spicules $28 \,\mu\text{m}$ (1 a.b.d.), arcuate, proximal end sharply bent ventrally. Gubernaculum $20 \,\mu\text{m}$. Nineteen precloacal supplements, the anteriormost $220 \,\mu\text{m}$ precloacal.

Distribution. Firth of Clyde, West Scotland (intertidal sand).

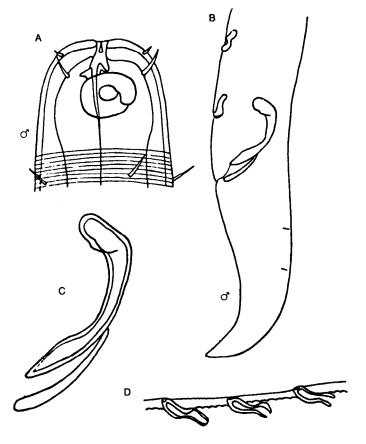


Fig. 163. Polysigma fuscum. A, Male head; B, Male tail; C, Spicules and gubernaculum; D, Precloacal supplements. From Gerlach (1956).