Oxystomatina tenuicolle n. sp.

Fig. 20 a, b

Locality and material. — Graham Land, St. 11: 13, 1 juv.

Dimensions: $\beta L = 2,700 \text{ mm.}, \quad \alpha = 54,0 , \quad \beta = 3,375, \quad \gamma = 27,0$

Most characteristic of this slender species, of which also a single male was recorded in a sample from St. 11 in the Antarctic proper, is the elongated oesophageal region, the fore-

most part of which thins out uniformly so strongly, that its thickness measures only 1/5 of the thickness at the posterior end of the oesophageal region.

Cephalic bristles and lateral organs were not to be stated. In the 3 anterior fourths the tail tapers conically and is in the posterior fourth more strongly thinned, posteriorly rounded and swollen.

The spicules are short, rather straight, in the proximal half thicker than in their distal half, at the proximal end rounded.

St. 11. Graham Region. 65° 19′ S. — 56° 48′ W. Gravel-mixed clay. 400 m. 18. 2. 1902. Number of species: 31; Number of specimens: 68.





20. Oxystomatina tenuicolle n. sp. a. Anterior end, b. Tail, × 364