

Oxystomatina mirabile n. sp.

Fig. 19 a, b

Localities and material. — South Georgia, St. 30: 3♀, 1 juv.; St. 34: 2♀; St. 23b: 1♂

Dimensions: ♂ L = 5,100 mm., $a = 26,84$, $\beta = 5,67$, $\gamma = 39,23$

Body on the whole evenly thick and tapering only in the foremost part of the oesophageal region. Cuticle smooth and rather *thick*. Muscle-cells large. Head rounded. Lateral organs rather small, curved. Oesophagus gradually thicker posteriorly. Ventral gland large.

Vulva bordered by strongly thickened walls and situated far anteriorly.

Female organ extended on one side backwards and the ovary probably reflexed.

The shape of the tail-end shows, that the tail has been broken in vivo and then healed. From that it follows that its real shape and length remain unknown. Nor the anus was to be stated.

St. 23b. South Georgia. Moraine-Fiord. 14 m.

Number of species found: 12; Number of specimens found: 49.

St. 30. South Georgia. The Moraine-Fiord. 54° 24' S. — 36° 26' W. Clay with sparse stones. 125 m. Bottom temp. — 0,25 C. 26. 5. 1902.

Number of species found: 23; Number of specimens found: 247.

St. 34. South Georgia. Off the mouth of the Cumberland-Bay. 54° 11' S. — 36° 18' W. Grey clay with a few stones. 250—310 m. Bottom temp. + 1,45 C. 5. 6. 1902.

Number of species found: 38; Number of specimens found: 224.

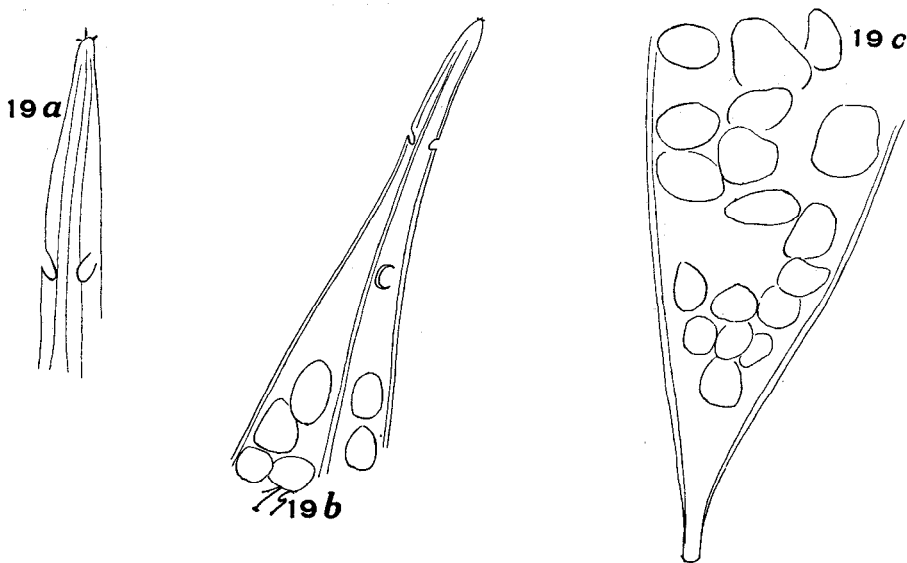


Fig. 19. *Oxystomatina mirabile* n. sp. a. Anterior end, $\times 270$, b. Anterior end, $\times 450$, c. Tail, $\times 450$