Dichromadora quadripapillata sp.n. (Figure 5A-G)

## Type material

One male and five females on slide nos. RI535-RI536 and 10389-10391

## Type locality

All specimens are from st. 511

## Measurements

$$
o_{1}{ }_{1} \frac{N}{9} \quad-\quad 84 \quad M \quad 632 \quad 727
$$

a: $31.6 ;$ b: 8.7 ; c: 7.7 ; c':5.0; spic: 26

$$
\overbrace{1} \begin{array}{lcrrr}
- & 60 & 100 & 307 & 584 \\
\hline 8 & 19 & 21 & 24 & 14
\end{array}
$$

a: 29.1; b: 7.0; c: 6.1; c': 8.2; V: $44 \%$
Other 9 ¢ L: 661-717; a: 25.4-27.6; b: 7.2-8.7; c: $5.8-7.7 ; c^{\prime}: 6.6-7.6 ; \mathrm{V}: 43-46 \%$

## Description

Males: The body is cylindrical, blunt anteriorly and tapering at the tail end. The cuticle is homogeneous with transverse rows of punctations. At the pharyngeal region, the dots are more conspicuous than on the rest of the body. At the lateral sides, there are four longitudinal rows of thick dots that extend from the anterior to the tail end. Somatic setae are sparse and short.

Amphids were not seen. The inner labial setae are inconspicuous, outer labial sensilla are papilliform and the cephalic ones are $4 \mu \mathrm{~m}$ long (Figure 5A). The stoma is small and has a dorsal hollow tooth and two small sub-ventral ones. The pharynx is cylindrical, 80$100 \mu \mathrm{~m}$ long, with a well set off terminal bulb which is $62-67 \%$ cbd in diameter. The nerve ring surrounds the pharynx at $60-64 \%$ of its length from the anterior (Figure 5B, female). Ventral gland is large 23-26 $\mu \mathrm{m}$ long, located at $28-32 \mu \mathrm{~m}$ (mid-point) from the cardia but the gland opening was not seen.

The reproductive system is monorchic with outstretched testis located to the right of the intestine. The spicules are $1.4 \times \mathrm{abd}$ long and curved. The gubernaculum is $18 \mu \mathrm{~m}$ long and parallel to the spicules.

There are four $(1+3)$ cup-shaped pre-cloacal supplements located at $23 \mu \mathrm{~m}, 41 \mu \mathrm{~m}, 51 \mu \mathrm{~m}$ and $61 \mu \mathrm{~m}$ in front of the cloacal (Figure 5G). The tail is conicocylindrical, with a clear spinneret (Figure 5G).

Females: They are similar to males in most aspects. The reproductive system is amphidelphic, with outstretched ovaries, anterior branch to the right of the intestine, posterior one to the left of it (Figure 5B). In one female, there was an egg ( $21 \times 41 \mu \mathrm{~m}$ in size) in either side of the uterus, indicating that ovulation takes place simultaneously from both ovaries (Figure 5D) in this species.

Tail is cylindrical, with an elongate narrow posterior end. It is relatively longer than in the male.

## Differential diagnosis

Dichromadora quadripapillata sp.n. is characterised by four longitudinal rows of dots, short somatic setae with two conspicuous pairs at the anterior pharyngeal region, cephalic sensilla are $40 \%$ of the hd and four $(1+3)$ pre-cloacal supplements in males.

Dichromadora quadripapillata sp.n. differs from other described Dichromadora species in the number (four) and arrangement $(1+3)$ of the pre-cloacal supplements.

Table 2. Dichromadora species described below, distinguishing characters
Body shape Pharyngeal bulb Supplements
D. longicaudata sp.n. slender, long set off, pyriform absent
$\mathrm{M}=13-14 \mu \mathrm{~m}$
D. gathuai sp. n.
D. loisae sp. n.
cylindrical, double
$\mathrm{M}=20-21 \mu \mathrm{~m}$
D. cucullata
cylindrical,
$\mathrm{M}=20-26 \mu \mathrm{~m}$
cylindrical, pyriform
$\mathrm{M}=21-23 \mu$


Figure 5. Dichromadora quadripapillata sp.n. A: $\sigma_{1}$ head (superficial); B: $q_{1}$ pharyngeal region; C: $q_{1}$ head (section); D: $q_{1}$ reproductive system; $\mathrm{E}: q_{1}$ total body; $\mathrm{F}: q_{1}$ tail; G: $o_{1}$ tail.

The abbreviations used in the text are: a: body length divided by maximum body diameter, b: body length divided by pharyngeal length, c : body length divided by tail length, $\mathrm{c}^{\prime}$ : tail length divided by anal body diameter, abd: anal body diameter, cbd: corresponding body diameter, hd: head diameter at the level of the cephalic setae, L: body length, M : maximum body diameter, spic: spicule length, V\%: position of vulva as a percentage of body length from anterior, v : vulva distance from the anterior Formula:
distance from the anterior to;
head end of the pharynx M (vulva) anus total length
All measurements (not ratios) are in micrometers and all curved structures are measured along the arc.

Table Ia. Location and depth of the sampling stations for cruise A!

| Date | Station | Latitude $S$ | Longitude E | Depth (m) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | ---: |
| $20 / 06 / 92$ | 103 | $04 \mathrm{E} .25^{\prime} .83$ | $39 \mathrm{E} .33^{\prime} .58$ | 62 |
| $22 / 06 / 92$ | 105 | $04 \mathrm{E} .24^{\prime} .06$ | $39 \mathrm{E} .45^{\prime} .99$ | 511 |
| $23 / 06 / 92$ | 106 | $04 \mathrm{E} .20^{\prime} .35$ | $40 \mathrm{E} .21^{\prime} .70$ | 1000 |
| $23 / 06 / 92$ | 107 | $04 \mathrm{E} .21^{\prime} .83$ | $41 \mathrm{E} .13^{\prime} .16$ | 2053 |
| $25 / 06 / 92$ | 108 | $03 \mathrm{E} .10^{\prime} .06$ | $40 \mathrm{E} .10^{\prime} .32$ | 18 |
| $25 / 06 / 92$ | 111 | $03 \mathrm{E} .09^{\prime} .78$ | $40 \mathrm{E} .14^{\prime} .41$ | 53 |
| $27 / 06 / 92$ | 114 | $03 \mathrm{E} .10^{\prime} .27$ | $40 \mathrm{E} .17^{\prime} .02$ | 213 |
| $28 / 06 / 92$ | 117 | $03 \mathrm{E} .08^{\prime} .21$ | $40 \mathrm{E} .41^{\prime} .80$ | 500 |
| $29 / 06 / 92$ | 118 | $03 \mathrm{E} .08^{\prime} .46$ | $41 \mathrm{E} .01^{\prime} .77$ | 1112 |
| $29 / 06 / 92$ | 119 | $03 \mathrm{E} .10^{\prime} .67$ | $41 \mathrm{E} .14^{\prime} .20$ | 2007 |
| $30 / 06 / 92$ | 120 | $02 \mathrm{E} .42^{\prime} .20$ | $40 \mathrm{E} .31^{\prime} .18$ | 21 |
| $30 / 06 / 92$ | 12 | $02 \mathrm{E} .43^{\prime} .07$ | $40 \mathrm{E} .33^{\prime} .89$ | 52 |
| $02 / 07 / 92$ | 127 | $02 \mathrm{E} .03^{\prime} .61$ | $41 \mathrm{E} .17^{\prime} .80$ | 24 |
| $02 / 07 / 92$ | 128 | $02 \mathrm{E} .03^{\prime} .16$ | $41 \mathrm{E} .18^{\prime} .48$ | 55 |
| $03 / 07 / 92$ | 132 | $01 \mathrm{E} .56^{\prime} .03$ | $41 \mathrm{E} .31^{\prime} .54$ | 1000 |
| $03 / 07 / 92$ | 133 | $02 \mathrm{E} .01^{\prime} .49$ | $41 \mathrm{E} .46^{\prime} .96$ | 2015 |
| $04 / 07 / 92$ | 131 | $02 \mathrm{E} .00^{\prime} .27$ | $41 \mathrm{E} .26^{\prime} .62$ | 500 |
| $06 / 07 / 92$ | 136 | $02 \mathrm{E} .40^{\prime} .05$ | $41 \mathrm{E} .10^{\prime} .17$ | 992 |

Table $1 b$. Location and depth of the sampling stations for cruise A2

| Date | Station | Latitude | Longitude | Depth |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | ---: |
| $30 / 11 / 92$ | 503 | $04 \mathrm{E} .19^{\prime} .28$ | $39 \mathrm{E} .35^{\prime} .56$ | 47 |
| $03 / 12 / 92$ | 505 | $04 \mathrm{E} .25^{\prime} .33$ | $39 \mathrm{E} .45^{\prime} .21$ | 520 |
| $04 / 12 / 92$ | 506 | $04 \mathrm{E} .19^{\prime} .45$ | $40 \mathrm{E} .21^{\prime} .80$ | 1020 |
| $02 / 12 / 92$ | 507 | $04 \mathrm{E} .21^{\prime} .31$ | $41 \mathrm{E} .13^{\prime} .64$ | 2088 |
| $28 / 11 / 92$ | 511 | $03 \mathrm{E} .09^{\prime} .59$ | $40 \mathrm{E} .13^{\prime} .94$ | 57 |
| $25 / 11 / 92$ | 514 | $03 \mathrm{E} .10^{\prime} .27$ | $40 \mathrm{E} .17^{\prime} .34$ | 207 |
| $25 / 11 / 92$ | 517 | $03 \mathrm{E} .09^{\prime} .43$ | $40 \mathrm{E} .41^{\prime} .25$ | 508 |
| $26 / 11 / 92$ | 518 | $03 \mathrm{E} .07^{\prime} .98$ | $40 \mathrm{E} .59^{\prime} .96$ | 963 |
| $27 / 11 / 92$ | 519 | $03 \mathrm{E} .09^{\prime} .28$ | $41 \mathrm{E} .16^{\prime} .53$ | 2179 |
| $23 / 11 / 92$ | 528 | $02 \mathrm{E} .04^{\prime} .76$ | $41 \mathrm{E} .17^{\prime} .40$ | 39 |
| $20 / 11 / 92$ | 531 | $02 \mathrm{E} .0 \mathrm{O}^{\prime} .48$ | $41 \mathrm{E} .37^{\prime} .56$ | 516 |
| $22 / 11 / 92$ | 532 | $01 \mathrm{E} .56^{\prime} .02$ | $41 \mathrm{E} .37^{\prime} .56$ | 904 |
| $21 / 11 / 92$ | 533 | $02 \mathrm{E} .00^{\prime} .86$ | $41 \mathrm{E} .47^{\prime} .71$ | 2027 |
| $07 / 12 / 92$ | 550 | $04 \mathrm{E} .11^{\prime} .96$ | $39 \mathrm{E} .37^{\prime} .94$ | 51 |
| $07 / 12 / 92$ | 552 | $04 \mathrm{E} .07^{\prime} .71$ | $39 \mathrm{E} .54^{\prime} .67$ | 500 |

